CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. (Currently amended) A device for the collection and extraction of at least one analyte within a sample, said device comprising:

a vessel;

said vessel defining a chamber for holding said sample;

said chamber having an opening therein:

a neck around said opening extending away from said chamber;

a cap;

said cap selectively attachable to said neck;

said cap having no orifices therethrough;

said cap having a top cover interior surface in communication with said chamber and

facing said chamber; and

said top cover interior surface having a coated surface;

said coated surface facing said chamber; and

said coated surface having a sorptive coating applied thereon.

- 2. (Previously presented) The device of claim 1, wherein said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;

- (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
- (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
- (e) a sol gel;
- (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
- (g) derivatized silica.
- 3. (Previously presented) The device of claim 1, further comprising:

said cap comprising a top cover and a sidewall;

said coated surface being on the interior surface of said top cover;

said top cover having a periphery;

said sidewall attached to said top cover around said periphery to define a cavity bounded

by said sidewall and said top cover;

said coated surface being inside said cavity;

said neck receivable within said cavity; and

said sidewall engaging said neck.

4. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1, further comprising:

said top cover permitting a syringe to pass therethrough and preventing fluid from passing

therethrough thereafter including a syringe permeable orifice.

- 5. (Cancelled)
- 6. (Cancelled)
- 7. (Cancelled)

8. (Currently amended) A device for the collection and extraction of at least one analyte within a sample, said device comprising: a vessel; said vessel defining a chamber for holding said sample; said chamber having an opening therein; a neck around said opening extending away from said chamber; a cap; said cap selectively attachable to said neck; said cap having no orifices therethrough said cap having a top cover interior surface in communication with said chamber and facing said chamber; and said top cover interior surface having a coated surface; said coated surface facing said chamber; and said coated surface having a particulate coating applied thereon. 9. (Original) The device of claim 8, wherein said particulate coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of: (a) molecular sieves; (b) activated alumina; (c) silica; (d) silica gel; (e) ion exchange resins; and (f) desiccant.

(Cancelled)

(Cancelled)

10.

11.

- 12. (Cancelled)
- 13. (Cancelled)
- 14. (Cancelled)
- 15. (Currently amended) A device for the collection and extraction of at least one analyte within a sample, said device comprising:

a vessel;

said vessel defining a chamber for holding said sample;

said chamber having an opening therein;

a neck around said opening extending away from said chamber;

a cap;

said cap selectively attachable to said neck;

said cap having no orifices therethrough

said cap having a top cover interior surface in communication with said chamber and facing said chamber:

said top cover interior surface having a coated surface;

said coated surface facing said chamber;

said coated surface coating applied thereon selected from the group consisting of: sorptive coating and particulate coating;

said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:

(a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;

- (b) a porous layer;
- (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
- (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
- (e) a sol gel;
- (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
- (g) derivatized silica;

said particulate coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:

- (a) molecular sieves;
- (b) activated alumina;
- (c) silica;
- (d) silica gel;
- (e) ion exchange resins, and
- (f) desiccant; and.

said cover including a syringe permeable orifice, permitting a syringe to pass therethrough and preventing fluid from passing therethrough thereafter.

16. (Currently amended) A cap for collecting a selected analyte from an analyte-bearing sample when said cap is in communication with a vessel, wherein said cap comprises:

a cover member having an outer cover periphery;

said cover member having no orifices therethrough

a sidewall extending from said cover member about said outer cover periphery to define a cavity;

said cavity bounded by said sidewall and said cover member;

said cover member having a coated surface inside said cavity;

said cavity receiving adapted to receive said vessel;

said sidewall engaging adapted to engage the neck of said vessel; and said coated surface having a sorptive coating applied to said cover member.

- 17. (Original) The cap of claim 16, wherein said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel;
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
 - (g) derivatized silica.
- 18. (Currently amended) The cap of claim 17, further comprising:

 said cover member <u>permitting a syringe to pass therethrough and preventing fluid from passing therethrough thereafter including a syringe permeable orifice.</u>
- 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently amended) A cap for collecting a selected contaminant from a sample when said cap is in communication with a vessel, wherein said cap comprises:

a cover member having an outer cover periphery;

said cover member having no orifices therethrough

a sidewall extending from said cover member about said outer cover periphery to define a cavity;

said cavity bounded by said sidewall and said cover member;

said cover member having a coated surface inside said cavity;

said cavity receiving adapted to receive said vessel;

said sidewall engaging adapted to engage the neck of said vessel; and said coated surface having a particulate coating applied thereto.

- 22. (Original) The cap of claim 21, wherein said particulate coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:
 - (a) molecular sieves;
 - (b) activated alumina;
 - (c) silica;
 - (d) silica gel;
 - (e) ion exchange resins, and;
 - (f) desiccant;
- 23. (Cancelled)
- 24. (Cancelled)
- 25. (Cancelled)

26. (Currently amended) A cap for closing a vessel, said vessel including a vessel wall, a chamber, and a neck, said neck extending outward from said vessel wall, said neck defining an opening therein providing fluid communication to said chamber, said neck including an outer neck surface, a rim and an inner rim periphery, said cap having no orifices therethrough comprising:

a lower periphery, a cover periphery, <u>and</u> a sidewall, and a coated surface; said sidewall being between said lower periphery and said cover periphery; said coated surface located within said lower periphery;

said lower periphery being smaller than said cover periphery and having a coating applied thereto;

said inner neck periphery being larger than said lower periphery and smaller than said cover periphery; and

said neck receiving said cap such that said sidewall fits within said inner neck periphery in an interference fit.

- 27. (Original) The cap of claim 26, wherein said coated surface is a sorptive coating comprising at least one selection from the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkynylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;

(e) a sol gel; (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and (g) derivatized silica. 28. (Original) The cap of claim 26, wherein said coated surface is a particulate coating comprising at least one selection from the group consisting of: (a) molecular sieves; (b) activated alumina; (c) silica; (d) silica gel; (e) ion exchange resins, and; (f) desiccant; 29. (Original) A method for extraction and desorption of one or more analytes in an analytebearing sample, said method comprising: coating an inner surface of a first cap with a sorptive coating: attaching said first cap to a first vessel containing said analyte-bearing sample: exposing said sorptive coating to said analyte-bearing sample: agitating said first vessel to expose said coating to said analyte-bearing sample for a predetermined period of time; sorptively extracting at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing sample:

removing said first cap from said first vessel;
attaching a second cap to said first vessel;
attaching said first cap to a second vessel;

said second vessel containing a solvent;

agitating said second vessel to expose said analyte-bearing coating to said solvent;

desorbing at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing coating into said solvent; and injecting said analyte-bearing solvent into an analytical device.

- 30. (Original) The method of claim 29, wherein said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection of the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel;
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
 - (g) derivatized silica.
- 31. (Cancelled)
- 32. (Cancelled)
- 33. (Cancelled)
- 34. (Cancelled)
- 35. (Original) A method for extraction and desorption of one or more analytes in an analytebearing sample, said method comprising:

coating an inner surface of a first cap with a sorptive coating; said sorptive coating selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel;
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
 - (g) derivatized silica;

attaching said first cap to a first vessel containing said analyte-bearing sample; exposing said sorptive coating to said analyte-bearing sample;

agitating said first vessel to expose said coating to said analyte-bearing sample for a predetermined period of time;

sorptively extracting at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing sample; removing said first cap from said first vessel; attaching a second cap to said first vessel; attaching said first cap to a second vessel; said second vessel containing a solvent; agitating said second vessel to expose said analyte-bearing coating to said solvent; desorbing at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing coating into said solvent; and injecting said analyte-bearing solvent into an analytical device.

36. (Original) A method for removing one or more contaminants present in an analytebearing sample, said method comprising:

coating an inner surface of a first cap with a particulate coating;
attaching said first cap to a first vessel containing said analyte-bearing sample;
exposing said particulate coating to said analyte-bearing sample;
agitating said first vessel for a predetermined period of time;
removing said first cap from said first vessel; and
attaching a second cap to said first vessel.

- 37. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said particulate coating comprises at least one selection of the group consisting of:
 - (a) molecular sieves;
 - (b) activated alumina;
 - (c) silica;
 - (d) silica gel;
 - (e) ion exchange resins, and
 - (f) desiccant.
- 38. (Cancelled)
- 39. (Cancelled)
- 40. (Cancelled)
- 41. (Cancelled)

42. (Original) The method of claim 37, wherein said second cap comprises a selection from the group consisting of:

an uncoated cap; and a sorptive-coated cap.

- 43. (Original) The method of claim 42, wherein said sorptive-coated cap is coated with a sorptive coating comprising at least one selection of the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel;
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
 - (g) derivatized silica.
- 44. (Original) The method of claim 43, further comprising:

agitating said first vessel to expose said sorptive coating to the analyte-bearing sample for a predetermined period of time;

sorptively extracting at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing sample; removing said second cap from said first vessel; attaching a third cap to said first vessel; providing a second vessel containing a solvent;

attaching said second cap to said second vessel;
agitating said second vessel to expose said analyte-bearing coating to said solvent;
solvently desorbing at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing coating;
withdrawing an aliquot of analyte-bearing solvent; and
injecting said aliquot into an analytical device.

45. (Original) A method for performing purification, extraction, and desorption of a sample, said method comprising:

providing a first vessel; coating the interior surface of said first vessel with a first coating; providing a first cap; coating an interior surface of said first cap with a second coating; pouring said sample into said first vessel: attaching said first cap to said first vessel; exposing said first coating and said second coating to said sample; agitating said first vessel for a predetermined period of time; sorptively extracting at least one analyte from said sample; selectively removing at least one contaminant from said sample; removing said first cap from said first vessel; attaching a second cap to said first vessel; attaching said first cap to a second vessel; said second vessel containing a solvent; agitating said second vessel; solvently desorbing at least one analyte; withdrawing an aliquot of analyte-bearing solvent; and

injecting said analyte-bearing solvent into an analytical device.

- 46. (Original) The method of claim 45, wherein said first coating is a particulate coating comprising at least one selection from the group consisting of:
 - (a) molecular sieves;
 - (b) activated alumina;
 - (c) silica;
 - (d) silica gel;
 - (e) ion exchange resins, and
 - (f) desiccant.
- 47. (Original) The method of claim 45, wherein said second coating is a sorptive coating comprising at least one selection from the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer:
 - (e) a sol gel;
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent; and
 - (g) derivatized silica.